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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/622,193	07/18/2003	Hidetsugu Shimura	Q76031	2231
23373	7590 07/26/2005		EXAM	INER
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			GRAINGER, QUANA MASHELL	
2100 PENNS SUITE 800	YLVANIA AVENUE, N.	W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	ON, DC 20037		2852	

DATE MAILED: 07/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/622,193	SHIMURA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Quana M. Grainger	2852				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- n reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT atute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	1 May 2005.					
	· /					
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice und	ed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 15-47 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) Claim(s) 29,37-42,46 and 47 is/are allowed 6) Claim(s) 15,17,21-24,27,28,35,36 and 43 is 7) Claim(s) 16,18-20,25,26,31-34,44 and 45 is 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Example 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the core 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	drawn from consideration. I. Is/are rejected. Is/are objected to. Id/or election requirement. Indicate the drawing(s) be held in abeyand rection is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	· ·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in Ap priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	_	·				
I) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 15-47 recite a "predetermined period" instead of "predetermined time" measured by a timer. Further, the claims recite a first-sixth time period and in some claims recited just a fourth or fifth time period. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 3. Claims 15,17, 21-24, 27-28, 35-36, and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Nakagawa et al. The image forming apparatus by Nakagawa et al. comprises an image carrier which is structured so as to be able to carry an electrostatic latent image on a surface of said image carrier; a toner carrier which rotates in a predetermined direction while carrying toner and accordingly transports said toner to an opposed position facing said image carrier; and image forming means which applies a predetermined developing bias upon said toner carrier, causes said toner carried by said toner carrier move to said image carrier, visualizes said electrostatic latent image with said toner, and accordingly forms a toner image, characterized in that it is possible to selectively execute an image forming operation, which requires to form a toner image corresponding to an image formation request upon receipt of said image formation request by a user, and optimization which requires to form a toner image as a patch image, to detect a density of said patch image and to optimize a density control factor

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influencing an image density based on the result of the detection to control an image density, and that in the event that there is not said image formation request newly received after an elapsed time since the end of formation of a toner image by said image forming means has reached a first predetermined period, said optimization is executed (column 5, line 18 –column 7, line 56). The image forming apparatus further comprising charging means which charges said surface of said image carrier to a predetermined surface potential prior to formation of said electrostatic latent image, characterized in that said elapsed time is calculated since termination of charge of said image carrier by said charging means.

Nakagawa et al. teaches an image forming method in which an electrostatic latent image is formed on a surface of an image carrier in response to an image formation request from a user and a predetermined developing bias is applied upon a toner carrier which rotates while carrying toner on a surface of said toner carrier, to thereby move said toner carried by said toner carrier to said image carrier, to visualize said electrostatic latent image with toner and to form a toner image, characterized in that in the event that there is not said image formation request newly received after an elapsed time since the end of formation of a toner image by said image forming means has reached a first predetermined period, optimization is executed which requires to form a toner image as a patch image, to detect a density of said patch image and to optimize a density control factor influencing an image density based on the result of the detection to control an image density.

Nakagawa et al. teaches an image forming apparatus comprising: an image carrier which is structured so as to be able to carry an electrostatic latent image on a surface of said image carrier; a toner carrier which rotates in a predetermined direction while carrying toner and

accordingly transports said toner to an opposed position facing said image carrier; and image forming means which applies a predetermined developing bias upon said toner carrier, causes said toner carried by said toner carrier move to said image carrier, visualizes said electrostatic latent image with said toner, and accordingly forms a toner image, characterized in that in the event that there is not said image formation request newly received after an elapsed time-since the end of formation of a toner image has reached a fourth predetermined period, idling of said toner carrier is executed which requires to rotate said toner carrier at least one round or more (column 5, line 18 –column 7, line 56).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 22, 28, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakagawa et al. Nakagawa et al. does not teach a toner image which is formed using a toner

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which contains a wax component which serves as a parting agent for prevention of fixing offset. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select the appropriate toner since it has been held to be within ordinary skill in the art to select a known material for its inherent properties. *In re Leshin*, 227 F.2d 197, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960).

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 16, 18-20, 25-26, 31-34, 44-45 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claims 29, 37-42, 46-47 contain allowable subject matter.

Contact Information

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quana Grainger whose telephone number is 571-272-2135. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Arthur Grimley can be reached on 571-272-2136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Quana Grainger Primary Examiner Art Unit 2852